

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶:
 E04F 15/18, A63C 7/02, 9/02, B32B 5/28

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 95/07398

(43) Int

(43) International Publication Date:

16 March 1995 (16.03.95)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/NL94/00213

(22) International Filing Date:

5 September 1994 (05.09.94)

(30) Priority Data:

9301538

6 September 1993 (06.09.93)

NE

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): B.V. DESCOL KUNSTSTOF CHEMIE [NL/NL]; Duurstedeweg 33007, NL-7418 CK Deventer (NL).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): PILON, Jacob, Jan [NL/NL]; Reuvekamp 16, NL-7213 CE Gorssel (NL).

(74) Agent: SCHUMANN, Bernard, Herman, Johan; Arnold & Siedsma, Sweelinckplein 1, NL-2517 GK 's-Gravenhage (NL). (81) Designated States: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NIL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, MW, SD).

Published

With international search report.

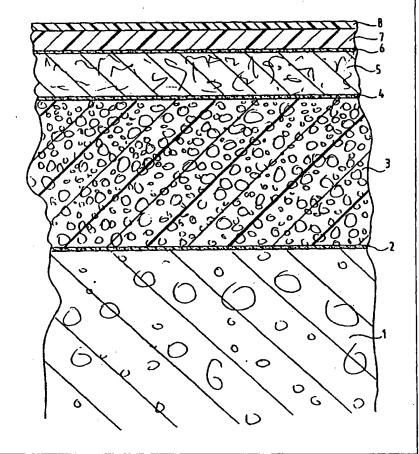
Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

In English translation (filed in Dutch).

(54) Title: METHOD FOR LAYING A SPORTS FLOOR AND SPORTS FLOOR OBTAINED WITH SUCH A METHOD

(57) Abstract

A method for laying a sports floor comprises the steps of: 1) providing a resilient first layer (3), consisting substantially of a bonded rubber granulate, foam material or a mixture of both; 2) placing the said first layer on a substantially flat ground, for example sand-cement, concrete, asphalt, anhydrite, wood, fibre board or the like with interposing of an adhesive layer (2), for example glue or a double-sided adhesive foil; 3) providing a mat (5) which is adapted to absorb an optionally viscous, curable, plastic-containing liquid, which mat (5) comprises for example a non-woven, a woven material, a porous material, a material containing cohesive fibres, a honey-comb structure of the like; 4) placing this mat (5) on the first layer (3) with interposing of an adhesive layer (4), for example glue or double-sided adhesive foil; 5) applying to this mat (5) the said optionally viscous, curable, plastic-containing liquid, for example a twocomponent mixture, an aqueous dispersion of plastic or the like, such that the liquid entirely impregnates the mat; 6) causing the liquid to cure to form a forcedistributing layer with a hardness of 50-90 Shore D; and 7) applying at least one covering layer (7) with a hardness of 70-90 Shore A.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MIR	Mauritania
ΑÜ	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	Œ	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand .
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgystan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KR	Republic of Korea	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KZ	Kazakhstan	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LI	Liechtenstein	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	LV	Latvia	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	TI	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MD	Republic of Moldova	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	MG	Madagascar	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	ML	Mali	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	Prance	MN	Mongolia	VN	Vict Nam
GA	Gabon				

METHOD FOR LAYING A SPORTS FLOOR AND SPORTS FLOOR OBTAINED WITH SUCH A METHOD

Sports floors are known in many embodiments. The object of the invention is to provide a method with which a sports floor can be manufactured with great uniformity which meets very high quality requirements with an optimal spring characteristic between point and surface elasticity. A further object of the invention is to provide a method with which the laying of a sports floor is considerably simpler and cheaper when compared with that of the sports floor systems known to date in the same quality class.

With an eye to the above the invention provides a method for laying a sports floor, comprising the steps of:

- (1) providing a resilient first layer, consisting substantially of a bonded rubber granulate, foam material or a mixture of both;
- (2) placing the said first layer on a substantially flat ground, for example sand-cement, concrete, asphalt, anhydrite, wood, fibre board or the like with interposing of an adhesive layer, for example glue or a double-sided adhesive foil;
- 20 (3) providing a mat which is adapted to absorb an optionally viscous, curable, plastic-containing liquid, which mat comprises for example a non-woven, a woven material, a porous material, a material containing cohesive fibres, a honey-comb structure or the like;
- (4) placing this mat on the first layer with interposing of an adhesive layer, for example glue or double-sided adhesive foil;
 - (5) applying to this mat the said optionally viscous, curable, plastic-containing liquid, for example a two-component mixture, an aqueous dispersion of plastic or the like, such that the liquid entirely impregnates the mat;
 - (6) causing the liquid to cure to form a forcedistributing layer with a hardness of 50-90 Shore D; and

5

10

30

35

(7) applying at least one covering layer with a hardness of 70-90 Shore A.

Known from EP-A-O 453 045 is a sports floor which comprises from bottom to top the following layers:

- * at least one relatively thick layer of plastic foam;
- * at least one relatively thin force-distributing hard layer, for example of multi-ply or a hard plastic;
- * at least one hard elastic layer which is formed on the basis of rubber granulate and air cavities present therebetween:
 - * at least one thin polyurethane top layer with special friction properties.

The combination according to the invention is therefore not known from this European publication.

- In a particular embodiment the method according to the invention comprises
 - (8) performing step (5) such that the liquid can cure to a hard polyurethane, an epoxy, an acrylate or other hard plastic.

The method preferably comprises

(9) performing step (6) such that a force-distributing layer is obtained with a hardness of 60-80 Shore D.

In a variant the method comprises

(10) performing step (7) such that the covering layer 25 has a hardness of 75-85 Shore A.

Another variant is characterized by

- (11) performing step (7) by applying a liquid curable to polyurethane and subsequently causing curing of this liquid.
- The method preferably comprises
 - (12) arranging a wear-resistant top layer after step (7).

The invention finally relates to a sports floor which is obtained with one of the methods according to the invention.

The invention will now be elucidated with reference to the annexed figure. This shows in cross-section an embodiment of a sports floor according to the invention.

25

Laid on a concrete support floor 1 by means of a glue layer 2 is a layer 3 consisting in this embodiment of a granulate of rubber grains which are mutually adhered by means of a binding agent. A non-woven mat 5 consisting of 5 fibres is laid onto this layer 3 by means of a glue layer 4. A liquid is subsequently poured onto this mat such that this liquid fully impregnates the mat. The liquid contains a plastic and is curable such that it can result in a cured plastic layer. It can consist for example of a two-component mixture or an (aqueous) dispersion of a suitable plastic. After the liquid has totally impregnated the non-woven fibre mat, there is a waiting period until the liquid is fully cured. This can take for instance several hours. On the thus obtained smooth upper surface of the layer 5, which can 15 consist substantially of polyurethane, an epoxy or acrylate, a covering layer 7 is arranged by means of a subsequent glue layer 6. Instead of an adhesive layer use can also be made of a pouring material which can adhere directly to the layer 5 and can form a covering layer of the required thickness by 20 curing. A wear-resistant top layer is then arranged on this covering layer.

The different layers are not drawn to scale. The top layer 8 in particular can be very thin. It can lend the upper surface of the sports floor the required colour and a required skid resistance.

The hard, force-distributing layer 5 has a hardness of 50-90 Shore D, preferably 60-80 Shore D.

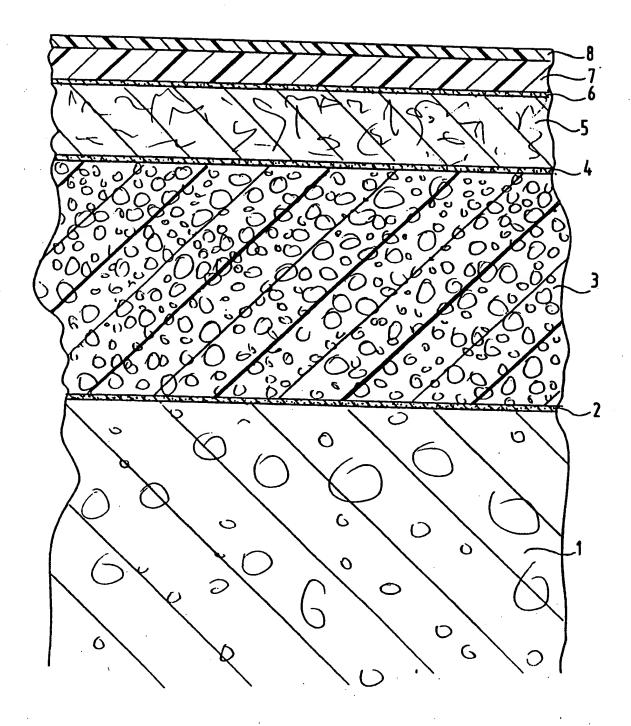
The covering layer 7 has a hardness of 70-90 Shore A, preferably 75-85 Shore A.

15

CLAIMS

- 1. Method for laying a sports floor, comprising the steps of:
- (1) providing a resilient first layer, consisting substantially of a bonded rubber granulate, foam material or5 a mixture of both;
 - (2) placing the said first layer on a substantially flat ground, for example sand-cement, concrete, asphalt, anhydrite, wood, fibre board or the like with interposing of an adhesive layer, for example glue or a double-sided adhesive foil;
 - (3) providing a mat which is adapted to absorb an optionally viscous, curable, plastic-containing liquid, which mat comprises for example a non-woven, a woven material, a porous material, a material containing cohesive fibres, a honey-comb structure or the like;
 - (4) placing this mat on the first layer with interposing of an adhesive layer, for example glue or double-sided adhesive foil;
- (5) applying to this mat the said optionally viscous,
 20 curable, plastic-containing liquid, for example a two-component mixture, an aqueous dispersion of plastic or the like, such that the liquid entirely impregnates the mat;
 - (6) causing the liquid to cure to form a forcedistributing layer with a hardness of 50-90 Shore D; and
- 25 (7) applying at least one covering layer with a hardness of 70-90 Shore A.
 - 2. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,
- (8) performing step (5) such that the liquid can cure to a hard polyurethane, an epoxy, an acrylate or other hard 30 plastic.
 - 3. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,
 - (9) performing step (6) such that a force-distributing layer is obtained with a hardness of 60-80 Shore D.
 - 4. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,

- (10) performing step (7) such that the covering layer has a hardness of 75-85 Shore A.
 - 5. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,
- (11) performing step (7) by applying a liquid curable to polyurethane and subsequently causing curing of this liquid.
 - 6. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,
 - (12) arranging a wear-resistant top layer after step
 (7).
- 7. Sports floor obtained by applying a method as claimed in any of the foregoing claims.



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internation Application No PCT/NL 94/00213

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 E04F15/18 A63C7/02

A63C9/02

B32B5/28

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 E04F E01C B32B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

GB, A, 2 095 581 (SUMITOMO) 6 October 1982	Relevant to claim No.
GB.A.2 095 581 (SUMITOMO) 6 October 1982	
see page 1, line 48 - page 2, line 28; figure	1,2,6,7
EP,A,O 475 000 (HEIDELBERGER ZEMENT) 18 March 1992 see column 2, line 57 - column 4, line 36; figure 1	1,2,6,7
	5
DE,A,26 58 730 (J. WILMS) 29 June 1978 see page 8, paragraph 3	3,4
US,A,4 800 119 (R. KOLAR) 24 January 1989 see column 3, line 57 - column 4, line 34; figure 1	1
-/	
	EP,A,O 475 000 (HEIDELBERGER ZEMENT) 18 March 1992 see column 2, line 57 - column 4, line 36; figure 1 DE,A,26 58 730 (J. WILMS) 29 June 1978 see page 8, paragraph 3 US,A,4 800 119 (R. KOLAR) 24 January 1989 see column 3, line 57 - column 4, line 34; figure 1

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
* Special categories of cited documents: A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	To later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention 'X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone 'Y' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. '&' document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search 6 January 1995	Date of mailing of the international search report 2 5. 01. 95
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+ 31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax (+ 31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Kriekoukis, S

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

CONTROL SEARCH KETUKI

Internation Application No PCT/NL 94/00213

C.(Continu	tion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	PCT/NL 9	4/00213
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
A	DE,U,91 15 180 (OSTERWALD SPORTBODEN) 5 March 1992 see page 2, line 10 - line 23; figure		1
١	FR,A,2 681 884 (TARAFLEX) 2 April 1993		
<u>}</u> .			•
	(continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)		

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

1. .mation on patent family members

Internati Application No
PCT/NL 94/00213

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
GB-A-2095581	06-10-82	JP-C- 1484523 JP-A- 57161263 JP-B- 60059379 DE-A,C 3211770 FR-A,B 2503206 US-A- 4457120	14-03-89 04-10-82 25-12-85 14-10-82 08-10-82 03-07-84
EP-A-0475000	18-03-92	DE-C- 4026943	29-08-91
DE-A-2658730	29-06-78	NONE	
US-A-4800119	24-01-89	NONE	
DE-U-9115180	05-03-92	NONE	
FR-A-2681884	02-04-93	NONE	